COMMON MISTAKES

1. Improper Z-Wave setup. _Ensure that you fully program and test your Z-Wave network for proper operation **prior** to integration with **g!**_

2. Placing the Z-Wave RS-232 Adapter out of range of other Z-Wave devices. Z-Wave devices create a wireless, self-healing mesh network, and should be placed where they are in range to communicate with multiple other devices for best results.

3. Failure to set the CT30 to **Simple Mode** when integrating with a **g!** system.

4. Failure to install the Z-Wave USNAP Module.

5. Adding thermostats to the network after adding controllers. If thermostats are added after controllers the controllers must be updated.

6. Using a VRC0P-1LW that does not have the (+3) notation.

7. Failing to update the VRC0P-1LW firmware. Minimum Version: $Leviton(C) 2008 V2.33S/Z-Wave 3.11.

Z-Wave Thermostat Comparison Chart							
	Feature						
Model	Auto Mode	Fan Modes	Remote Sensor	Decimal Temperature	Unsolicited Feedback	Green / Energy Save Mode*	Built-In Schedule
2GIG	No	On / Auto	No	Yes[4]	No	No[6]	Yes[8]
Honeywell	Yes[1]	On / Auto / Circulate	No	Yes[5]	Yes	No	Yes[8]
RCS	Yes	On / Auto / Circulate[2]	Yes[3]	No	Yes	Yes[7]	Yes[9]
Trane	Yes	On / Auto / Circulate[2]	No	No	Yes	Yes[7]	Yes[8]
Wayne Dalton	No	On / Auto	No	No	No	Yes[7]	No

1. Can be enabled.

2. Circulate must be enabled in thermostat programming.

3. Temperature only.

4. Feedback to .5° Celsius and Fahrenheit.

5. Feedback to .5° Celsius.

6. When Z-Wave is activated the "Save Energy" button on the thermostat is disabled.

7. Activated by button on thermostat.

8. Can be enabled. (Factory default is disabled.)